

Riviera International Academy

Revision Assignment-2077

Day 3 (Baisakh 9, 2077, Tuesday)

Class: Six Date:- _____ Name:- _____

Subject: English

An auxiliary verb helps the main (full) verb and is also called a "helping verb." With auxiliary verbs, you can write sentences in different tenses, moods, or voices. Auxiliary verbs are: *be, do, have, will, shall, would, should, can, could, may, might, must, ought*, etc.

- I think I should study harder to master English.
- I am having a cup of coffee.
- You have been practicing hard.
- It was written by a petitioner.
- You may choose what you like.

The verb forms of *be, do, and have* can be used either as a main (full) verb or an auxiliary verb. The following examples show these verbs used as auxiliary verbs.

1. "Be" as an auxiliary verb

a. Used in progressive sentences:

- I am taking a bath.
- She is preparing dinner for us.
- They have been studying all night.

b. Used in passive sentences:

- I was given a free meal.
- He was seen by fans at the airport.
- This song has been sung by all nations.

2. "Do" as an auxiliary verb:

a. Used in negative sentences:

- I do not know the truth.
- She doesn't agree with me.
- They didn't arrive here yet.

b. Used in questions:

- Do you want to have another one?
- Did he finish his homework?
- Do we need to keep going straight?

3. "Have" as an auxiliary verb:

a. Used in perfect sentences:

- I have been following you for a mile.
- We have done a lot so far.
- She had been queen of the town.

Fill in the blanks with the correct auxiliary verb from the choices presented:

1. What _____ the kids doing when you last saw them? (was, were, are, did, been)
2. Carla _____ always wanted to try skydiving. (was, doesn't, has, is, have)
3. Where _____ you go on your summer vacation? (were, been, are, did, does)
4. Why do you think she _____ call you like she said she would? (didn't, is, hasn't, has been, have)
5. Mary _____ going to be upset when she hears what happened. (will, don't, is, didn't, has)
6. Jeremy _____ want to go to the movies; he wants to stay home instead. (doesn't, isn't, wasn't, hasn't, was not)
7. I _____ appreciate his jokes. They weren't funny. (did, have, been, didn't, haven't)
8. I really like fish but I _____ care for meat. (weren't, been, don't, is, was)
9. Where _____ you going when I saw you last night? (were, was, is, do, did)
10. Tara _____ called yet; she's late as usual. (are, were, has, hasn't, wouldn't)

Subject - Social Studies

1. List down the rights of citizen.
2. List down what rights should children get.
3. Prepare a chart listing our rights.
4. Paste some pictures of the infrastructures of development.

Computer

1. Define program and software.
2. List any four computer software.
3. What is operating system software?
4. List any two basic functions of operating system software.
5. What is application software?

Subject – Science

1. Define solar system. Write the name of 8 planets.
2. Define light.

Subject – Mathematics

- 1) Find the supplement of 105° .
- 2) What is acute angle? Give examples.
- 3) Simplify:
 - a. $3xy+xy-2x^2+5x^2$
 - b. $5p^2-2q^2+2p^2-3q^2+p^2q^2$
- 4) Use the given nth term rules to find given sequence $3n+1$ (5th and 7th term).
- 5) Simplify : $48 \div 8 \times 7 + 5 - 10$
- 6) Represent 3 times the sum of 6 and 5 in mathematical expression.
- 7) Factorize 190 by factor tree method.
- 8) Find the cube root of 5832.

बिषय : नेपाली

१. विशेषण शब्द चिन र गोलो लगाऊ ।

रातो, कालो, घर, मिठो, बाखा, कापी, स्कुल, चिसो, फुल, तितो, बाहिर, लामो

२. खाली ठाउँ भर :

- क) म बजार । (जान्छु, गएँ)
ख) तिमीले मिठो आँप । (खायो, खाइस्)
ग) बुबा बजार । (गयो, जानुहुन्छ)
घ) भाइ खाजा । (खान्छ, खान्छे)

३. लिङ्ग परिवर्तन गर :

गाई = दाजु = बुबा =
कुकुर = बाँदर =

४. अकरण बनाऊ :

- क) भाइ घर गयो । ख) तिमी गीत गाऊ ।
ग) म भात खान्छु । घ) आमा बजार जानुभयो ।

The End.